OFFICE OF THE SANITARY COMMISSIONER IN MYSORE, BANGALORE.

NOTE ON THE STATE OF PUBLIC HEALTH IN MYSORE, FOR THE WEEK ENDING SATURDAY THE 16TH MARCH 1929.

A total of 65 attacks with 44 deaths from plague was returned during the week against 88 attacks with 53 deaths in the previous week All the districts being affected. The City of Mysore returned 2 attacks with 2 deaths. The City of Bangalore and the Kolar Gold Fields area remained free from the disease.

2. Comparative figures for the corresponding week were 14 attacks and 17 deaths in 1927 and 20 attacks and 13 deaths in 1928.

3. A total of 27 attacks with 16 deaths from small-pox was returned for one village in each of Malur, Tumkur, Hassan, Chikmagalur, Koppa and Holalkere Taluks, and the City of Bangalore and Kolar Gold Fields area.

4. One attack with 1 death from influenza was returned for the City of Bangalore.

5. The total mortality for the Bangalore City amounted to 77, representing a calculated annual ratio of 34·61 per mille of population, against the average ratio of 27·06 for 1927. Classified according to causes, the deaths numbered 1 under small-pox, 6 under malaria, 10 under pneumonia, 3 under other fevers, 2 under phthisis, 4 under dysentery and diarrhœa and 51 under all other causes.

6. The total mortality for the Mysore City for the week was 54, representing a calculated annual ratio of 33·56 per mille of population against the average ratio of 32·82 for 1927. The causes of deaths were plague 2, malaria 3, pneumonia 8, phthisis 2, dysentery and diarrhœa 7, and all other causes 32.

7. There were 50 deaths from all causes reported from the Kolar Gold Fields area, equivalent to a calculated annual ratio of 28·99 per mille of population against the average ratio of 38·28 for 1927. The deaths were small-pox 4, pneumonia 2, phthisis 2, dysentery and diarrhœa 6 and all other causes 36.

E. R. SUNDRARAJAN,
Vital Statistician,
For *Sanitary Commissioner,*
Absent from Station.

NOTE ON THE STATE OF PUBLIC HEALTH IN MYSORE, FOR THE WEEK ENDING SATURDAY THE 23RD MARCH 1929.

A total of 75 attacks with 39 deaths from plague was returned during the week against 65 attacks with 44 deaths in the previous week. All the Districts being affected. The Cities of Bangalore and Mysore returned 3 attacks with 1 death, and 1 attack and one death respectively. The Kolar Gold Field area continued to remain free from the disease.

2. Comparative figures for the corresponding week were 11 attacks with 5 deaths in 1927, and 22 attacks with 16 deaths in 1928.

3. A total of 57 attacks with 8 deaths from small-pox was returned for one village in each of the Shimoga, Koppa, Malur and Shikarpur Taluks and 3 villages in Honnali Taluk and Tumkur, Shimoga and Chikmagalur towns and the City of Bangalore and the Kolar Gold Field area.

4. One attack with one death from influenza was returned for Bangalore City.

5. The total mortality for the Bangalore City amounted to 70 representing a calculated annual ratio of 30·70 per mille of population against the average ratio of 27·06 for 1927. Classified according to causes the deaths numbered 1 under plague, 2 under small-pox, 1 under malaria, 16 under pneumonia, 6 under other fevers, 5 under phthisis, 3 under dysentery and diarrhoea and 36 under all other causes.

As compared with the City the Civil and Military Station returned 75 deaths for the week ending 17th March 1929, representing a calculated annual ratio of 30·71 per mille of population against 33·35 in the previous week. The causes of deaths were small-pox 4, typhoid 1, malaria 1, phthisis 9, pneumonia 21, dysentery 2, and all other causes 37.

6. The total mortality for the Mysore City for the week was 44 representing a calculated annual ratio of 27·25 per mille of population against the average ratio of 27·06 for 1927. Classified according to causes, the deaths numbered 1 under plague, 1 under small-pox 3 under malaria, 5 under pneumonia, 1 under typhoid, 3 under phthisis, 5 under dysentery and diarrhoea and 25 under all other causes.

7. There were 56 deaths from all causes reported from the Kolar Gold Fields area, equivalent to a calculated annual ratio of 32·47 per mille of population against the average ratio of 38·28 for 1927. The deaths were small-pox 1, malaria 1, pneumonia 8, other fevers 1, phthisis 2, dysentery and diarrhoea 2, and all other causes 41.

J. V. KARVE,
Sanitary Commissioner.